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VOL. I. PRICE THREE CENTS

GREENCASTLE, INDIANA, FRIDAY, APRIL 6, 1894.

TEN CENTS PER WEEK. NO. 131

NOW FOR FREE SILVER.

Mr. Bland Ready For Further Consideration of Financial Measures.

ATTITUDE ON THE VETO VOTE

He Says That There Was No Preconceived Plan to Hurry the Vote and That He Did Not Expect the Prompt Action Taken—Good Showing by Banks—General News From the Nation's Capital.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Representative Bland said last evening that he expected to call a meeting of the coinage committee very soon to consider the free coinage bills pending before it.

Speaking of the action of the house on the president's veto of the seigniorage bill, Mr. Bland said that he preferred to have had the debate on the subject continue all this and into next week. He certainly did not expect a vote on the bill before Saturday and had told a fellow member that he could safely go out of the city until that time. He declared that there was no preconceived action on the part of the silver men or a conspiracy or prearrangement for the prompt vote taken, as has been intimated in some quarters.

HOLMAN'S SILVER VIEWS.

He Thinks the War on the White Metal Has a Serious Purpose Behind It.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Congressman Holman is one of the most pronounced free coinage men in the Indiana delegation, and he voted to pass the Bland bill over the president's veto. When asked what he thought about the future of silver coinage in this country he replied:

"I believe the south and west will force free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1 in the near future. The veto of the Bland bill leaves us without any legislation looking to the future coinage of silver. International agreement will never come. It is my belief that the present war on silver has a very serious purpose behind it and emanates from the creditor class of the whole world. The gold-bearing debt of the world's nations, exclusive of individual debt, is \$30,000,000,000, and is steadily increasing. The supply of gold is gradually decreasing. Its coinage decreased from \$147,000,000 in 1881 to \$99,000,000 in 1888. The motive behind the war on silver by the creditor class is to contract the currency of the world and make gold the sole standard. If this ever comes about money will gradually become scarcer and interest rates higher, because the supply of gold is diminishing, while a greater per cent of it every year is going into the arts. Politically the effect of the veto will be to increase the strength of the third party movement. It is a fact that both the old parties have been untrue to their pledges in regard to silver coinage, but there is a greater per cent of the Democratic party in favor of free coinage than of Republicans."

JOHNNY BULL'S BILL.

British Plans With Relation to Bering Sea Sealers Will Not Control.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Some disappointment has been expressed by public men interested in seeing the Bering sea arbitration fairly executed because of the inclusion in the British bill of a clause exempting from its operations vessels that may have cleared for the seal waters before the promulgation of the law. It has been asserted that more than 50 sealing vessels have already cleared, and beyond doubt the entire fleet, profiting by the hint conveyed, will get away from port before the British law is duly proclaimed.

But the Canadian sealers are likely to be badly mistaken if they proceed on the theory that the British law will govern the action of our cruisers. Of course it will guide the British ships, but the failure of the British act to fully meet the spirit of the arbitration will not prevent the United States from carrying that agreement out according to the provisions of our act, and the Canadian's sealing craft caught in forbidden waters by American cruisers will be seized, notice or no notice.

Congress.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The house spent yesterday in committee of the whole, adopting the urgency deficiency bill, which carries over \$1,000,000, and then further considering postoffice appropriations. The Bering sea bill was also passed. The senate spent some time on routine and the Russian thistle bill, and then when the time for the tariff bill arrived an executive session was ordered and lasted until adjournment.

Appointments.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The president has sent the following nominations to the senate:

Robert Calvert of Wisconsin, surveyor of customs for the port of La Crosse, Wis. Second Lieutenant P. F. Lockridge, Second cavalry, to be first lieutenant.

Postmasters—John W. Alsop, Galion, O.; John H. Thomas, Marion, O.

Naturalization of Foreign Sailors.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The naval appropriation bill as prepared by the naval affairs committee of the house contains a provision granting naturalization papers to all foreign-born who served in the navy and marine corps for five consecutive years and who have been honorably discharged.

Bank Statements Encouraging.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Reports from all of the 3,777 national banks in the country under the recent call have been

received by the comptroller of the currency. A summary of these reports shows the lawful money reserve on Feb. 28, 1894, to have been \$433,980,261. Mr. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, regards the financial situation as shown by the bank statements as quite encouraging.

MRS. SURRATT'S SPIRITUAL ADVISER.

Priest Who Feared Neither Man Nor Devil, but God Alone, Dies Suddenly.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Rev. A. J. Walter, pastor of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church, died suddenly at his home yesterday of heart failure, aged 66 years.

Father Walter became pastor of St. Patrick's church in 1860. He was the spiritual adviser of Mrs. Surratt and interested himself in her case, appealing to President Johnson on several occasions for a commutation of her sentence. He believed in her innocence and became so enthusiastic in her attempt to have her pardoned that his action became offensive to some citizens of Washington, who informed him that if he persisted in his efforts he would be summarily dealt with. His answer was: "I fear neither man nor devil; I fear God alone, and I am ready at the risk of my life to defend the character of the lowliest person in my congregation."

Boulevard Across the Continent.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Representative Dunphy of New York has introduced a bill providing for the appointment by the president of a commission to consist of four or more persons, to be selected from the different departments of the government, to examine and report upon the feasibility and desirability of constructing a boulevard from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean. The commissioners are to be selected from the war, agricultural, postoffice and interior departments.

Paid For a Fruitless Trip.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The navy department has settled with the Boston Boat company for the fruitless effort to save the Kearsarge by the payment of \$8,500 in reimbursement of the expense of sending the Orion to Roncador reef.

Salaries Are Now Certain.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The president has approved the joint resolution making provision for the salaries and expenses of additional deputy collectors of internal revenue to enforce the Chinese exclusion act.

Postmaster Dalton Ill.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Postmaster Dalton of the house of representatives has been seriously ill for several days. He is some better, but will not be out for several weeks. Nervous prostration is the ailment.

Against the Sweating System.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Senator Kyle has introduced a bill to prevent the manufacture of clothing in unhealthy places. It is directly against the sweating system.

Mickville's Postmaster.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—M. T. All has been appointed postmaster at Mickville, Vigo county, Ind.

VICTORY FOR THE TOILERS.

Judge Caldwell Declares That Labor Has Equal Rights With Capital.

OMAHA, April 6.—Organized labor yesterday won its greatest victory when, in the United States circuit court, Judge Henry C. Caldwell handed down his decision in the Union Pacific wage schedule contest. In the long legal opinion this declaration of the court stands out most prominently:

"A corporation is organized capital; it is capital consisting of money and property. Organized labor is organized capital; it is capital consisting of brains and muscle. What is lawful for one to do is lawful for the other to do. It is lawful for the stockholders and officers of a corporation to associate and confer together for the purpose of reducing the wages of its employees or of devising some other means of making their investments profitable. It is equally lawful for organized labor to associate, consult and confer with a view to maintain or increase wages. Both act from the promptings of enlightened selfishness, and the action of both is lawful when no illegal or criminal means are used or threatened."

The opinion continues in force the present rules and regulations governing the mode of doing work where the different organizations voluntarily agreed to modify the "overtime" features of the present schedules. It modifies the orders of Judges Dundy, Riner and Hallett made in the wage cases, the former ordering the receiver to put the new rules and regulations in force, the latter restraining the enforcement of the new schedules pending a hearing between the receivers and the men. It lays down stringent rules as to intoxication on the part of the employees, who are held to be servants of the court. And it lays down new principles of arbitration between the contending forces of wages and capital, being in direct opposition to the opinion of Judge Jenkins in the Union Pacific wage matter. Scholarly and dignified, it exhausts the questions which have been bitterly fought in many instances since the century began, and is a complete victory for the rights of the toiling masses.

Yellow Fever Passengers.

BUENOS AYRES, April 6.—The sanitary condition of the Portuguese warships Mindello and Alonso Albuquerque is so bad that the Argentine government has insisted that those on board be landed at Larazetto or that the vessels depart. Yellow fever recently on the vessels has caused many deaths.

Receiver Paine Stricken.

MILWAUKEE, April 6.—Henry C. Paine, one of the receivers of the Northern Pacific Railroad company, was carried out of his office in an insensible condition last evening, suffering from what appears to be a stroke of apoplexy. Physicians say his condition is not serious.

THEIR STRIKE IS LOST.

Coke Workers Awed by Bullets and Numerous Arrests.

PROMPT ACTION BY OFFICERS

What Threatened to Be the Greatest Strike in the History of the Country Broken Up by the Pursuit of Engineer Paddock's Murderers—Jail Overflowing With Prisoners.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., April 6.—Unless there is soon a radical change in the situation in the Pennsylvania coke region the strike of the miners and coke workers is about broken. The authorities have taken a stand and are now determined to put down the rioters at any cost. This policy has thrown the lawbreakers into a state of demoralization. After the sheriff's posse concluded the engagement with the mob which murdered Chief Engineer Paddock and landed the leaders and over 100 strikers in the county jail everything quieted down immediately, and the reports from every point in the region at the close of day showed that the lawless hordes have generally been subjugated. Several outbreaks occurred at different places early yesterday, but as the day advanced the strikers lost courage and the mobs which camped out, intending to make raids at every working plant at daybreak, commenced to diminish in size, and by the time half the route of each mob was covered the forces were almost completely disbanded.

Beginning of the End.

Thus commenced the beginning of the end of what was intended to be the greatest strike of coal, miners and coke-workers in the history of the country. The strikers elected a new leader at a delegate convention at Scottsdale named Alex Markey, who takes the place of President L. R. Davis, who is now behind the bars here under the charge of murder. The strikers are still making threats of breaking into the jail and setting free the imprisoned.

The reports that Sheriff Wilhelm had given up and applied to Governor Pattison for troops to preserve the peace and protect the lives and property of the workmen who want work, and the coke operators who want to give them employment, are untrue. Sheriff Wilhelm was on the point of calling on the state authorities for military aid when the mob killed Engineer Paddock at Davidson, but concluded not to do so after consulting with his attorney.

Unconfirmed Rumor.

The turning point came after the battle between the posse and the mob at Bradford, and the sheriff found it unnecessary then to apply for military support.

The community was startled by a report yesterday afternoon that the dead bodies of eight Huns had been found in the woods near Dawson. This rumor has not yet been verified, and Coroner Patton says that the reports he has received from his deputies do not indicate the truth of it. Work at the coke plants today was confined to the same number running Wednesday. Very few attempts were made by the strikers to drive the workmen out.

The county commissioners will apply to the courts today to hold an extra session at once to try the strikers. This action is made necessary by the crowded condition of the jail, 150 prisoners being confined there. There are not provisions for feeding and keeping that number. They have been compelled to sleep on the floor and their food supply was very short this morning.

Completely Subdued.

A meeting of strikers was held at Dunbar last night, at which great weakness was shown and at 10 o'clock they disbanded. Reports show that the strikers are disbanding at every point and the men appear completely subdued. The authorities, however, will take no chances, and armed guards are everywhere.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Supreme Court Opinion in the Dispensary Law Case Agreed Upon.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 6.—A dispatch from Darlington to The Columbia States says that an opinion in the dispensary cases has already been drawn up, and that the opinion declares the act unconstitutional, but whether in whole or in part it is not ascertained. The States correspondent says the news came to him from three sources, through intelligent gentlemen who have special means for information, and he relies upon it as confidently as though he had himself inspected the document referred to. The coroner's jury at Darlington rendered a verdict to hold McLendon for the killing of Normont, Cain for the killing of Redmond, and that Redmond killed Pepper. The press censorship is still maintained.

The governor has called off the militia from Darlington and Florence, and today the state troops are returning to receive his "well done" and \$1.50 a day while in service.

BRIEFS.

Congressman Wilson continues to improve.

K. of L. Sovereign says Coxey's army will result in either a failure or a fight.

Grand reunion of old soldiers from north and south is taking place on Shiloh's battlefield.

A. B. Crawford, ex-cashier of defunct American National bank, Springfield, Mo., was indicted for embezzling \$15,000.

Rev. Southgate of Lexington, Ky., has served notice on Charles C. Moore, infidel editor of The Blue Grass Blade, that he will file suit against him for blasphemy.

THURSTON-POTTER.

Hawaii's Minister Wedded to the Cashier of a World's Fair Concession.

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., April 6.—Hawaiian Minister Thurston and Miss Harriet W. Potter, the young lady who was until recently the cashier of the Hawaiian volcano cyclorama at the mid-winter fair in San Francisco and who previously filled the same



MRS. THURSTON.

position in Chicago, were quietly married at the bride's home in this city yesterday. The bride is a lady of quiet dignity and a graduate of the St. Joseph schools. She is aged 22.

WILL HAVE NO FREAKS.

Museum Attractions Discharged From the Commonweal by Coxey.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., April 6.—An escort of 500 people met the commonweal as it entered here yesterday and, headed by the Homestead Steelworks band, paraded the principal streets on the way to the circus grounds, where dinner was served the 300 members and camp pitched. Later a meeting was held and was attended by several thousand people. Previous to the arrival of the army Borgess McWhinney swore in 20 deputies, who will serve until the soldiers leave town.

Of the 67 of the army arrested on the streets of Allegheny at yesterday's hearing 35 were discharged and 32 sent to the workhouse for 30 and 90 days. The workhouse now has 60 members of the commonweal to care for for the next month. Dr. Kirtland, Jasper Johnston and Weary Her no longer belong to the commonweal. They have been ignominiously dismissed and their names taken off the roll. Coxey said: "We will have no dime museum freaks in this aggregation."

RATHER STARVE THAN WORK.

Two Hundred of Frye's Army Refuse an Offer of Employment.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., April 6.—General Frye and his industrial army left here this morning and went into camp on the national turnpike near Collinsville. This move was made by order of Chief of Police Walsh, who determined that the city should be rid of the army. Last evening the men cooked a mess of bread, water and beans in a big tin can, and this was all the food they had to eat during the entire day. Considerable grumbling is heard as a result of the privations undergone since arriving here and the refusal of railroads to haul them. Yesterday 200 members of the army were offered work by the water board laying mains. They were offered \$1.50 a day for one year, but refused to accept, saying they were not there to dig mud and lay pipe, but were going on to Washington to force legislation in their behalf.

"Unknown" Commander Identified.

GRAND JUNCTION, Colo., April 6.—The "unknown" commander of the Coxey forces is Major William Packer Clarke of the Second battalion C. N. G. Major Clarke is considered the best drillmaster in the state. He was formerly connected with The Daily Star of this city.

Wage Ultimatum Accepted.

CHICAGO, April 6.—President Carpenter's ultimatum was accepted by the employees of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railway today. President Carpenter declined to restore the wages to the old schedule, but agreed to modify the rules that were objectionable to the men, the principal one of which was the computation of overtime. The only organization anxious to strike was that of the firemen.

Urged a Pacific Cable.

LONDON, April 6.—Sir Charles Dilke presided yesterday at a meeting of the members of the Colonial party of the house of commons. Hon. Hugh Muir Nelson, prime minister of Queensland, made a speech dealing with the question of a Pacific cable, urging that nothing would bind closer together the empire than a cable to Australia.

Shot in the Dark.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., April 6.—At Canby last night James Smith shot and killed Louise Brown, fatally wounded Jim Brown, her husband, and seriously wounded Sarah Haney. Smith went to the house intending to shoot the Haney woman and shot the other two in the dark while trying to murder her.

Republican League Conference.

CHICAGO, April 6.—President Tracy of the National Republican league has called a special meeting of the executive committee at the Arlington hotel, Washington, Monday, April 23.

Four Men Drowned.

COLUMBUS, Ga., April 6.—Four men were drowned in the Chattahoochee river, opposite this city, yesterday afternoon. Five men were out fishing, when the boat was capsized and all except one went down.

Another Advance in Wheat.

CHICAGO, April 6.—The bulls pushed up the wheat market again yesterday and sent May and July futures nearly 2 cents higher. All kinds of crop news was on tap.

WARNING TO VISITORS.

Defacers of Indiana's Soldiers' Monument Punished by Fine.

OHIO PREACHER ONE OF THEM

Three Girls the Other Victims of a Prigging Which Will Not Be Tolerated. Indianapolis Civil Service Rules Attacked in Court—Large Normal School Attendance—Other Affairs of the State.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 6.—It is extremely unprofitable to mar the interior of Indiana's magnificent monument to her soldiers by scratching names either in conspicuous or remote places. That Ohio preacher, Rev. W. Mygrant, who paid 10 cents for the privilege of inscribing his cognomen on the monument register and thought it gave him the right to disfigure the structure, and who was arrested while in attendance at a church convention, learned differently when he appeared in police court and was required to pay \$10 fine and costs. Three girls have been fined for a similar offense, and if the lesson is not effective each successive violator will be arraigned.

GRAND ARMY OFFICERS.

Members Chosen to Guide the Order—Next Meeting in Muncie.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., April 6.—The state G. A. R. encampment is so well pleased with the innovation of meeting elsewhere than in the capital city, and was so impressed with the hearty greeting given by Lafayette, that it decided to next year go to Muncie, that city winning in a contest with South Bend, Richmond and New Albany. The convention endorsed Colonel I. N. Walker for national commander and agreed to support Louisville's effort to secure the national meeting in 1895. The election of officers resulted: Department commander, Albert O. Marsh, Winchester; senior vice commander, Barney Shaw, Lafayette; junior vice commander, H. H. Reagan, Lowell; medical director, Dr. C. S. Boynton, Indianapolis; chaplain, John A. Maxwell, Delhi; delegate to national encampment, Irvin Robbins, Indianapolis; alternate, William P. Drile, Peru. The W. R. C. elected Mrs. Nettie Ransford, Indianapolis, president and Mrs. Eliza J. Crissler, Greensburg, senior vice.

Suit Against Civil Service Rules.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 6.—Suit has begun in the superior court by W. C. Newcombe against Mayor Denny, his cabinet and the board of health to enjoin the observance of the civil service rules adopted and prevent the payment of money as compensation to persons putting them in operation. The complaint alleges that the rules work inconsistently and that their operation is irregular and illegal. The plaintiff was one of the physicians examined for an interne, which examination was declared irregular by the examining board.

Heir to an Estate of Millions.

BRAZIL, Ind., April 6.—J. S. Danham, a Philadelphia lawyer, was in this city yesterday on his way to Saline City, a little hamlet south of here, in search of James Ferguson, who is one of the heirs to the Brown estate in Philadelphia, estimated at \$4,000,000. Ferguson is very poor, but respectable, and knew nothing of the good fortune in store for him until seen by the attorney.

Fell From a Train.

NEW ALBANY, April 6.—John Cunningham of Crawford county, aged 60 years, was killed near English while returning from Evansville on the Air Line. He fell from the platform under the wheels and was instantly killed.

Normal School Attendance.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 6.—The spring term of the Indiana State Normal school has begun with an unprecedented attendance, being 200 more than ever before in the history of the school. The total attendance is over 1,100.

Royal Arcanum in Grand Council.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 6.—The 15th annual session of the grand council of the Royal Arcanum began its session here yesterday, Grand Regent W. H. Stevenson presiding. A large representation is present.

NOTES OF THE STATE.

Three prisoners escaped from the Logansport jail.

A Seymour cat has adopted a litter of squirrels.

Odd Fellows hold a district meeting in Salem April 18.

George Frash, Bourbon dry goods merchant, has assigned.

Richmond Commercial club will build a hotel and clubhouse.

F. Z. T. Sweeney of Columbus will not be a candidate for congress.

Three hundred teachers are attending the association meeting at Rockport.

Omer Perkins, farmer near Lebanon, had his nose cut off by the "kick" of a gun.

William Parry of Richmond was elected president of the Cincinnati, Richmond and Fort Wayne railroad.

Rev. L. F. Van Cleave has resigned as pastor of the Kirkwood Avenue Christian church in Bloomington.

Between 500 and 600 schoolteachers are attending the Northern Indiana association's meeting in Franklin.

Funeral of T. J. Phillips, prominent Odd Fellow and K. of P. of Sheridan, was the largest ever seen in that city.

Indianapolis union carpenters are on a strike for 30 cents an hour for eight hours. Contractors offer but 25 cents. The work-

men say 500 men are out, but the employers say not nearly so many have quit work.

The children of Frank Bilski, a farmer living on the Chimney Creek Hills south of Vincennes, were poisoned by eating pokeweed. One boy died.

President of the Indiana Spiritual association accepts Clark Braden's challenge for a debate to occur at the annual meeting at Reensselaer in July.

At Reensselaer Judge Wiley decided that the drainage law passed by the legislature of 1893 is unconstitutional. Under this law's provisions it was expected that the Kankakee marshes would be drained.

CLOSING THE CASE.

Last Links Being Welded in the Breckinridge-Pollard Trial.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Had the people whom Judge Bradley so unmercifully scorned known that Miss Pollard was to be again called to the stand yesterday they would doubtless have braved his wrath to satisfy an unquenchable curiosity, but as it was the court was but thinly attended. Madeline was on the stand but a short time, being called by the defense, who asked her some impeachment questions relative to the birth of her second child and followed with contradictory evidence. Then the plaintiff called some of her witnesses in rebuttal.

Mrs. Brown, wife of the principal of Wesleyan college, told the jury that Roselle's story of visits to the school were incorrect. She described Rhodes as "a country gentleman of honest face, of decent habits and manner, of a pure atmosphere and language, and reverential toward ladies." Miss Pollard, she said, was at that time "bright but not deep. The victory she won," added the witness, "was notable because of her youth. Her opponents were much older."

Judge Bradley took a hand in the questioning, eliciting the story related that on Friday nights there usually had been 15 to 25 callers in the parlors of the schools.

Mrs. Louise Lowell was recalled, and over the objections of the defense was permitted to tell the substance of the letter to "My Dear Sister Louise." There was much difficulty in getting the statement in proper form. Mrs. Lowell began:

"I thought from the beginning of 'My Dear Sister Louise' that —"

But she was halted by a storm of objections, being informed that her thoughts were not wanted.

Starting on a new tack, she said: "Naturally, from the tenor of the letters —"

—to be again waylaid by protests.

Finally, when pinned down to telling the substance of the letters, she related:

"He spoke of the great disparity between their ages, of his great love for her, and I think used the expression that he never knew two of the same family of such different ages who loved each other so well. That was the tenor of the whole letter and of other similar ones which followed. In one he spoke highly of some manuscript which had been sent him for criticism and told how proud he was of the person to whom the letter was addressed. He told how impatient he was to get away from the duties which kept him from her, and described in glowing terms the meeting they would have when he returned."

The plump, dusky-faced Mary Yancy, her bonnet flaming with scarlet flowers, came next. She was the chief star of the street boardinghouse and with native gusto and in choice dialect declared that she had seen Miss Pollard working from the former Mrs. Breckinridge's basket while the colonel sat beside her on a sofa. She also said the colonel had complimented her lunch and asked if she would cook for them when they went to housekeeping.

Mrs. Minear, the landlady, said Miss Pollard was at the house in August, 1892, a date disputed by the defense.

Methodist Attack on Breckinridge.

NEW YORK, April 6.—In the New York M. E. conference Rev. E. L. Hoeker offered a resolution approving the conviction of John Y. McKane and another demanding that Colonel Breckinridge be ejected from congress as the only atonement that can be made to Christian sentiment. Some one said that McKane had been attended to and suggested laying the resolutions on the table. Bishop Vincent, however, found a way out of the difficulty by suggesting a judicious committee of five, and they were so referred.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Prevailing Prices For Grain and Cattle on April 5.

Indianapolis.

WHEAT—33¢/56¢. CORN—30¢/39¢. OATS—22¢/33¢.

CATTLE—Receipts 150 head; shipments light. Market strong on desirable kinds.

Prime shipping and export steers, \$3.55 @ 4.25; good to choice shipping steers, \$3.45 @ 3.80; medium to good shipping steers, \$3.10 @ 3.45; common to fair steers, \$2.35 @ 2.90; choice feeding steers, \$3.25 @ 3.50; good to choice heifers, \$3.25 @ 3.50; fair to medium heifers, \$2.75 @ 3.00; common light heifers, \$2.25 @ 2.50; good to choice cows, \$2.75 @ 3.25; fair to medium cows, \$2.15 @ 2.60.

HOGS—Receipts 2,000 head; shipments 1,500 head. Market active.

Good to choice medium and heavy, \$4.95 @ 5.00; mixed and heavy packing, \$4.85 @ 4.95; good to choice lightweights, \$4.95 @ 5.00; common lightweights, \$4.85 @ 4.95; pigs, \$4.00 @ 4.50; roughs, \$4.00 @ 4.50.

SHEEP—Receipts 300 head; shipments

THE HUB

Special Sale of Clothing

You have choice of

Men's \$4 suits for \$3	
\$5	4
\$6	4.50
\$7.50	5.50
\$8	6
\$10	8
\$12	9
\$13	10
\$14	11
\$15	12
\$18	13
\$20	15

Boys' and Children's Suits at Cut Prices

Our \$12, \$13 and \$15 Clay Worsted Suits are sold by competitors for \$18, \$20 and \$22.

THE HUB,

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,

WEST : SIDE : SQUARE.

THE BANNER TIMES

PUBLISHED BY
MILLARD J. BECKETT.

TERMS:—\$1.00 per annum in advance; 50 cents for six months. Single copies 5 cents.

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Reading Notices 10 Cents a Line
Rates of display made known on application.

Entered at the postoffice at Greencastle, Indiana, as second-class matter.

Greencastle, Ind., April 6, 1894.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The BANNER TIMES will hereafter enforce the following:

One dollar will be charged for publishing resolutions of condolence, and obituaries, and fifty cents for "cards of thanks." Reading notices of church, society and other entertainments from which a revenue is to be derived (except such announcements as the editor may give as a matter of news) will be charged at the rate of 5 cents a line. This includes church festivals, dinners, etc. Sunday church announcements free. 20c

Parties addressing mail or correspondence to this office for the newspaper department will greatly simplify matters by directing the same to the BANNER TIMES, and not to any individual address.

REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET.

For Mayor,
JONATHAN BIRCH.
For Treasurer,
JOHN GILMORE.
For Clerk,
JAMES M. HURLEY.
For Marshal,
WILLIAM E. STARR.
For Councilmen,
First Ward—THOMAS ABRAMS.
Second Ward—EDMUND PERKINS.
Third Ward—JOHN R. MILLER.

CINCINNATI is in line.

The weather is now back to a McKinley basis.

NOTWITHSTANDING "the fruit has all been killed" we will have a crop just the same.

CAST AN EYE OR TWO OVER ON THE Buckeye state. They had republican elections there Monday.

It may be safely predicted that the silver issue is going to make more trouble for the democrats than any other question in the politics of the period.

THE *Globe-Democrat* says: In vetoing the seignorage bill, Cleveland has again sensibly adjusted his views to the always reliable advice of John Sherman.

REPUBLICANS over the city, township and county should remember that the convention on Saturday, April 14, is a mass convention as well as a nominating one. Delegates are to be chosen to four con-

ventions and business of great importance transacted. It will be the biggest convention of the year.

As a "feeler" on the evening of the republican convention for the republican boys we will print in our Friday edition the full speech of Hon. Wm. McKinley at Minneapolis. It is well worth preserving.

THE passage of the Wilson bill is a foregone conclusion, but that will not deter the republicans from fighting it in such a way as to familiarize the country with all of its numerous wicked and destructive features.

MANY cities in Ohio went republican Monday for the first time in their existence. The vote was for unimportant offices in most instances, but it bears out the system that republicans are voting early and often in 1894.

It is extremely fortunate that the shooting in south Greencastle Sunday was no worse than it was. By a lucky combination of circumstances the desperado's bullet was stopped. It was a temporary victory for a desperate thug, but he will, no doubt, be gathered in ere long. Such characters as Bourne should be behind strong bars. This country is too civilized for such men to run at large in.

For letter heads \$9.30 per thousand and is too much. The county pays its official organist, the *Star-Press*, that price. If democracy wants to know what kind of a tariff is really a tax we will state for their benefit that \$9.30 is a tariff on one thousand letter heads. It's a democratic tariff paid to a trust that has grown rich off the people of Putnam county. That price should be cut in twain but it remains to be seen if the commissioners have the nerve to do it.

THE election returns of Monday from Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, Connecticut and Iowa cities show immense republican gains, and bear out the well-established rule of this year that every election has demonstrated—that this is the year to redeem the country from democracy's deadly clutch. The republicans expected just such victories and the self-satisfied smiles on their faces show that they are not disappointed. Thus it will be seen throughout the year, as the people speak in each succeeding election that republican principles shall triumph.

THERE are no editorial utterances in the democratic journals of Greencastle concerning Mr. Cleveland's vetoing of the Bland silver bill; in fact, it seems these papers decline to tell their readers anything on the subject at all, either news or editorial. Gentlemen, you are neglecting your readers, and as a result they will all have to read the views of Mr. Cleveland's act in the republican BANNER TIMES. We know it is an awful big task to keep run of your party and its leaders these troublesome times, but you should do it or give up the gun. Mr. Cleveland has vetoed the Bland bill, brother democrats.

THE republican opening of the city campaign at the opera house last night by an imported ex-congressman of national reputation as the speaker of the evening means that grave national issues are involved.—*Brazil Democrat*.

Sure, brother. Grave national issues are involved, and there have been but few graver before the people. The situation is especially grave in Clay county, and the idle workmen, coal miners, and others

thrown out of employment there by the present administration are living "object lessons" that Clay is a good county in which to expound "grave" national issues. The republican party in Clay this year will be heard from, and will be heard from hard. There will be no five hundred majority for free trade in Clay next November.

THE BANNER TIMES has no disposition to recall any of the past differences of the party in Putnam county. That is all happily now, nothing more than an unpleasant remembrance. It is within the memory of all of us, however, the manner which Putnam has in the past sent delegations to the outside conventions, congressional, state and others. The other counties remember it, and there has been a smile generally on the faces of delegations when the name of Putnam was called. It is a matter of general felicitation in the party that the dawn of a better day is come and the party now is united from Jackson to Washington and from Russell to Mill Creek townships. Such harmony never before pervaded the party in Putnam county. There is substance in it; there is hope in it, and there is victory in it. Putnam will be heard from in republican conventions this year, and no matter for whom her delegates vote there will be the best of harmony and good feeling. The spectre is gone. We will place a ticket in the field this year which will so commend itself to good government as to make it invulnerable and irresistible.

MANY Illinois cities threw off their democratic yokes yesterday. Wait until the Indiana cities speak next month. Then will be heard a voice of thunder that will roll from one end of the country to another. It goes by turns this year, and it is Indiana's turn next.

THE *St. Louis Globe-Democrat* says: The only democratic gain of the present year is the one that has accrued to the prison in which the New York perpetrators of election frauds are confined.

THE continued decline in wheat is the kind of an argument against democratic rule that no intelligent farmer can fail to understand.

BUSINESS is doing its best to revive, but is having an awful hard hard job of it with democracy's foot on its neck.

THE Illinois cities spoke yesterday and they spoke hard for republicanism. Every one does it this way this year.

INCIDENTALLY Milwaukee went republican yesterday.

COXEY'S cranks are increasing.

ENFORCE the stock ordinance.

Republican Convention Call.

The republican central committee of Greencastle township and the city of Greencastle are notified to meet in the central committee rooms next Saturday, April 7th, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of fixing upon the time and manner of nominating candidates for township offices and for permanent organization.

L. P. CHAPIN, CHAIRMAN.
O. S. REEVES, Sec. if

South Greencastle.

The first game of ball between south end and north end will occur the first of next week.

"If ever the south end needs a policeman it is now" quoth Jerome Smith at an early hour Tuesday morning when he found that some one had entered his shop, carried off all his tools and had created quite a stir in general. Jerome closed up his shop at eight o'clock Monday as usual, and locked his door, so he thought but when two of his chums called around a little later and found the door unlocked they endeavored to show Jerome the necessity of keeping things under lock and key. Combs, brushes, razors, mirrors and shears were hid and when Mr. Smith arrived Tuesday he was in anything but a pleasant mood, but the sight of a pair of shears behind a picture soon restored his abundant good nature and he is now working away paying little attention to the many questions asked him about his burglars.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Important Events at the Capital.—The Latest News.

WASHINGTON, April 2, 1894
The republicans in the house have it in their power, if so disposed, to allow the house to pass the Bland bill over Mr. Cleveland's veto, when the attempt is made this week by the silver men to do it. There is little probability that the republicans will do this, but the fact that they can do it is having such a disturbing effect upon the administration democrats that they are talking among themselves of filibustering to prevent a vote when Mr. Bland makes his motion to pass the bill over the veto. There are a few republicans who will vote for the motion anyway, and all that would be necessary for it to receive more than the necessary two-thirds vote would be for the other republicans to abstain from voting, as more than two-thirds of the democrats will vote for the motion. The out and out silver men are not, however, anxious to see the Bland bill passed over the veto. They prefer it to be out of the way, so that they will be free to try to pass a free coinage bill.

The democratic senators privately admit that they are not confident of passing the tariff bill, and the wildest man no longer talks of passing it by the first of May. There is much gossip of an attempt being made to attach a free coinage amendment to the bill, but even if the attempt is to be made, which is not certain, it cannot be done until the bill reaches the amendment stage, which is sometime off.

Democratic senators positively refused to grant a hearing to a delegation of New England women mill-workers, who came to Washington to protest against the injustice of the tariff bill in dealing with matters in which the mill-workers are vitally interested, but they got a hearing—republican senators gave it to them—and their objections to the bill will be stated to the senate and to the country by republican senators during the debate on the tariff bill, which opened today according to program.

The fight in the house to give the seat now held by Representative Joy, of Missouri, to a democratic contestant who was not elected, which has been waged for more than a week without success, notwithstanding some very autocratic acts of Speaker Crisp, has brought out the fact that there are a score or more of democrats in the house who are too conscientious to take part in the theft of the seat merely to add one more to a democratic majority of ninety. But the act will doubtless be consummated this week, in spite of the protests of republicans and the non-voting of conscientious democrats, as the absentees are being arrested and brought in and a voting democratic quorum will probably be obtained.

It is just now a little puzzling to know why Secretary Carlisle should have considered it necessary to go to New York to assure the bankers of that city that Mr. Cleveland would make no concessions to the free silver men in congress. Why wasn't the veto message considered assurance enough? Some of the silver men express the fear that the administration is making arrangements for another bond issue, similar to the last one. Be that as it will, it may be set down as reasonably certain that congress will not follow Mr. Cleveland's recommendation by authorizing a bond issue.

Senator Voorhees was a little staggered the other day when confronted by the democratic governor of Indiana, and his staff, who had come to Washington to protest against the tariff bill as it now stands. He couldn't turn them down, like he did the New England women, so they had a short but sharp word battle, the senator and the governor being the chief fighters. Governor Matthews, who is understood to be a candidate for Voorhees' seat in the senate, told the senator that the Indiana democrats demanded a restoration of the original free list of the Wilson bill. Voorhees denied it, and said that Matthews had been trying to work up democratic opposition to the bill, hoping to use it to advance his senatorial aspirations. Matthews gave him to understand that the matter would figure in the senatorial election.

The Death Roll.

Edwin Angell, whose illness was mentioned last week, died Saturday evening of congestion of the brain. He had a stroke of paralysis on Thursday.

Mrs. Francis J. Walker, relict of Hiram P. Walker, died on Sunday at her home in Madison township. Mrs. Walker was one of the best known ladies of the county, and was the mother of John Walker, lately deceased. She was born May 17, 1816.

Prof. R.A. Ogg visited the schools at Crawfordsville Wednesday. Thursday he visited the schools at Frankfort and remained over for the meeting of the Northern Indiana Teachers' association, which holds its sessions at the latter place, beginning Thursday night and lasting until Saturday.

ALLEN BROTHERS

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First-Class Store.

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Dry Goods, Carpets or Shoes

Worth the money paid for them. No misrepresentations made in their store or in any way countenanced by them. Fair dealing, one price to rich and poor alike. No sharp practices to make sales.

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Insuring late styles, new and desirable goods.

Prices Much Lower

than ever before known. Don't fail to come to us. Remember we are working on smaller margins than ever in order that your money may cover your wants. This week we will sell you

Best Indigo Calicoe, 4c.

Best Light Calico, 3 1-2c.

Fine Coverlid Warp 14c for white, 16c for colored.

ALLEN BROTHERS.

Coates College.

Coates college at Terre Haute, which takes its name from the late Mrs. Jane Coates of this city, who left a handsome provision in her will to the institution, is in hard lines financially. Says the *Terre Haute Express*:

Unless \$50,000 is pledged for the payment of Coates college debts within the next few months that institution will undoubtedly be removed from Terre Haute to Crawfordsville. The liabilities of the college at present aggregate \$76,000, with \$106,000 assets. This financial condition has become a burden to those interested in the institution, and it is now generally understood that the debt must be paid.

The offer made by Wabash college to take the Terre Haute institution still stands good. The Wabash college board agrees to take Coates college, pay its indebtedness and leave the real estate clear in this city, for the benefits that can be derived through co-education, and the splendid advantages already established at the Terre Haute institution. The offer has considerable weight with the Coates college board from the fact that the present financial embarrassment is of many years' standing.

"On a prominent street the other day," said a stroller, "I saw two young men walking together and talking earnestly; one of them was smoking. The smoker was the more earnest of the two. Pretty soon he looked at his cigar, which was about two-thirds smoked up, and lighted a fresh one. Instantly he went on talking. 'Pooh!' he began, and in his animation, instead of throwing the discarded cigar into the street, he tossed it in the air. It was caught as it came down by a tramp, who was walking behind him, and who, betraying no surprise whatever, went right on smoking it as though it had been his own."

The telephone exchange has been moved from the store of George Owen to the Belnap house.

Real Estate Transfers.

A. A. and E. E. Black to E. R. Pruett, land in Greencastle tp., \$200.
Alex. Breckinridge, trustee, to Susannah Darnall, land in Clinton tp., \$20.
A. O. Lockridge, executor, to Carl Eitelborg, land in Greencastle, \$125.
George Philipps to Lucinda J. Payne, land in Greencastle, \$450.
Joseph West and wife to Martin T. and Sarah L. Henry, land in Jackson tp., \$1500.
James H. McCamack to R. W. McCamack, land in Jefferson tp., \$1050.
Joseph A. Alais to Wm. E. Wendling, land in Rockdale, \$1000.
Wm. O. Camden to J. O. Holland, land in Lookridge, \$45.
Gus Neal to James H. Job, land in Jefferson tp., \$500.
Flem McCray to James Callaway, land in Monroe tp., \$1300.
B. F. Hurst to G. W. Hurst, land in Warren tp., \$3500.
G. W. Hurst to B. F. Hurst, land in Warren tp., \$3500.
M. V. Hurst to Martha Ann Rector, land in Warren tp. (q. c. d.), \$1.
Catharine Swift et al. to Wm. H. Brooks, land in Warren tp., \$1.
James W. Hazlett et al. to L. A. Hazlett, land in Russell tp., \$200.
Charles B. Heath to John F. Mitchell, land in Cloverdale, \$100.
Daniel D. Eggers to Jesse Eggers, land in Jackson tp., \$150.
Wm. T. Huffman to J. H. and R. Robinson, and in Floyd tp., \$800.
J. H. Miller to J. and M. L. West, land in Franklin tp., \$1275.
A. S. Mayhall to C. J. Wood, land in Rockdale, \$775.
Ell R. Pruitt to J. F. Scott, land in Greencastle tp., \$2000.
Robert C. Sheppard, admr., to M. A. Cline, land in Marion tp., \$50.
Robert C. Sheppard, dm., to James M. Cline, land in Marion tp., \$720.

The Christian church building committee met Tuesday and considered plans for their new structure. Six drawings were considered but none was accepted. An architect from Richmond sent in the most agreeable but it was left over with the rest until another meeting.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON.

Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and surfaces of the mucous system. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.

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Paints, Oils, Window Glass.

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Fresh Garden Seeds in Bulk or Package.

Fresh Stock "Climax" Chicken Medicine.